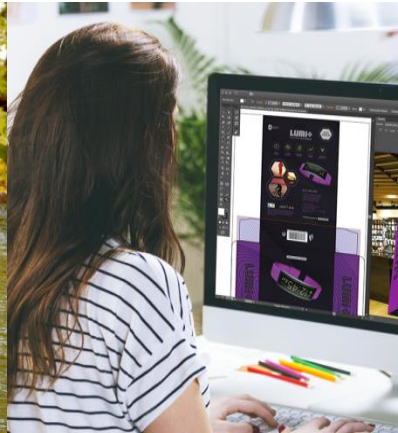




**DANAHER**



**2017 BERNSTEIN STRATEGIC DECISIONS CONFERENCE**

*June 1, 2017*



# Forward Looking Statements

Statements in this presentation that are not strictly historical, including any statements regarding events or developments that we believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. There are a number of important factors that could cause actual results, developments and business decisions to differ materially from those suggested or indicated by such forward-looking statements and you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things, deterioration of or instability in the economy, the markets we serve and the financial markets, contractions or growth rates and cyclicity of markets we serve, competition, our ability to develop and successfully market new products and technologies and expand into new markets, the potential for improper conduct by our employees, agents or business partners, our compliance with applicable laws and regulations (including regulations relating to medical devices and the health care industry), our ability to effectively address cost reductions and other changes in the health care industry, our ability to successfully identify, consummate and integrate appropriate acquisitions and successfully complete divestitures and other dispositions, our ability to integrate the recent acquisitions of Pall Corporation and Cepheid and achieve the anticipated benefits of such transactions, contingent liabilities relating to acquisitions and divestitures (including tax-related and other contingent liabilities relating to the distributions of each of Fortive Corporation and our communications business), security breaches or other disruptions of our information technology systems or violations of data privacy laws, the impact of our restructuring activities on our ability to grow, risks relating to potential impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets, currency exchange rates, tax audits and changes in our tax rate and income tax liabilities, changes in tax laws applicable to multinational companies, litigation and other contingent liabilities including intellectual property and environmental, health and safety matters, the rights of the United States government to use, disclose and license certain intellectual property we license if we fail to commercialize it, risks relating to product, service or software defects, product liability and recalls, risks relating to product manufacturing, the impact of our debt obligations on our operations and liquidity, our relationships with and the performance of our channel partners, uncertainties relating to collaboration arrangements with third parties, commodity costs and surcharges, our ability to adjust purchases and manufacturing capacity to reflect market conditions, reliance on sole sources of supply, the impact of deregulation on demand for our products and services, labor matters, international economic, political, legal, compliance and business factors (including the impact of the UK's decision to leave the EU), disruptions relating to man-made and natural disasters, and pension plan costs. Additional information regarding the factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements is available in our SEC filings, including our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the first quarter of 2017. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and except to the extent required by applicable law, the Company does not assume any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events and developments or otherwise.

With respect to the non-GAAP financial measures referenced in the following presentation, the accompanying information required by SEC Regulation G can be found in the back of the presentation and in the "Investors" section of Danaher's web site, [www.danaher.com](http://www.danaher.com), under the heading "Financial Information."

- ▶ **Outstanding portfolio with significant growth and margin opportunities**
- ▶ **Superior FCF generation and disciplined M&A help drive compounding long-term results**
- ▶ **Danaher Business System is our culture and our competitive advantage**

## Life Sciences

~\$5.4B revenue



## Diagnostics

~\$5.0B revenue



## Dental

~\$2.8B revenue



## Environmental & Applied Solutions

~\$3.7B revenue

### Water Quality



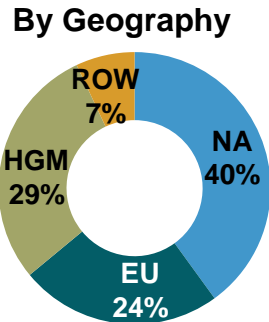
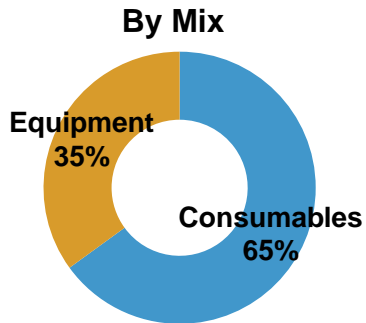
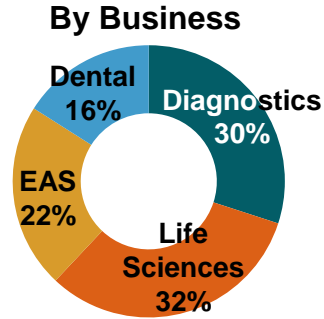
### Product ID



All financial metrics shown reflect FY 2016 revenues.

## Danaher Today

**~\$17B**  
REVENUE



**~55%**  
GROSS  
MARGIN

**Mid-teens**  
OPERATING  
MARGIN

**>100%**  
FREE CASH  
FLOW TO NET  
INCOME

## Business Characteristics

- ▶ Market leading positions
- ▶ Outstanding brands
- ▶ Resilient business models
- ▶ Large installed base

## Strong Secular Growth Drivers

- ▶ Increasing environmental, healthcare and food safety regulatory requirements and changes
- ▶ Improving standards of care in high growth markets (HGM)
- ▶ Proliferation of digital trends

All financial metrics based on FY 2016.

## Building Scale at the Platform Level

1999



“Beachhead” Asset +  
Adjacencies, Bolt-ons

2002



## Recent Key Strategic Acquisitions

2014



Premium Implants  
Digital Dentistry

2015



Biopharmaceuticals

2016



Molecular  
Diagnostics

## Spin-off of Fortive



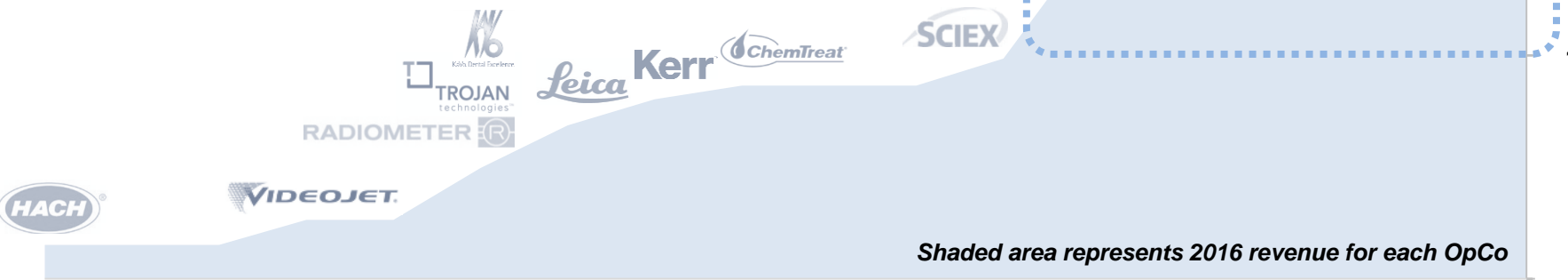
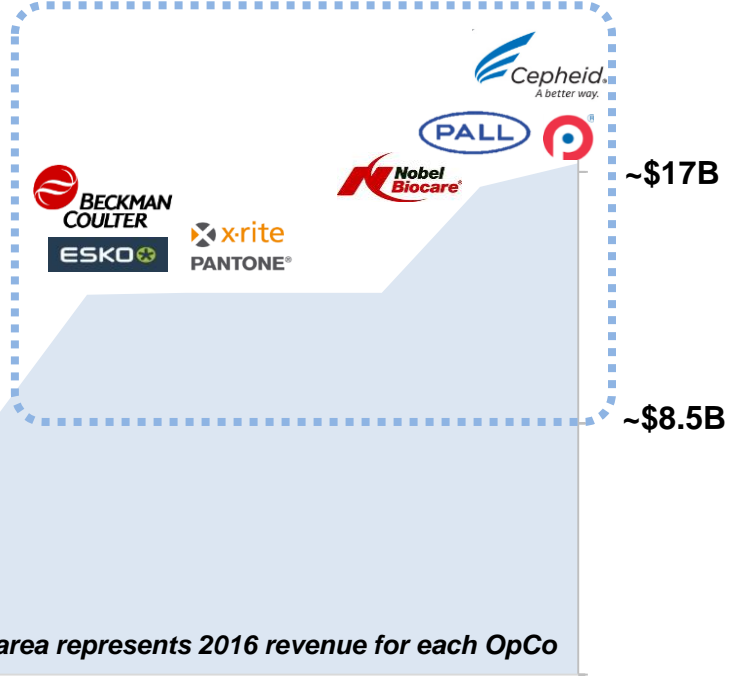
2016

Portfolio Optimization

OpCos acquired since 2011 represent

~50%

of Danaher revenues today



1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016

Date of acquisition

Average age of the portfolio today is ~8 years

## Improving Operating Margins Since Acquisition

### Radiometer

High-teens → >25%

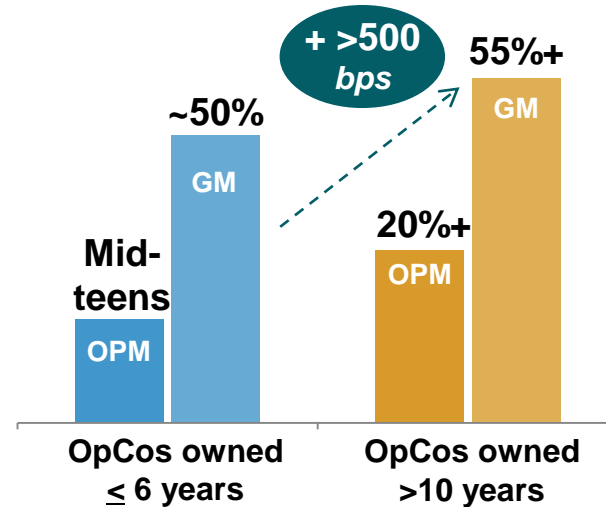
### Water Quality

Low-teens → ~25%

### Product ID

Low-teens → ~25%

## Margins: “New vs Tenured”



All margin figures referenced are based on 2016 weighted averages.

Significant room to expand gross and operating margins



# Margin Opportunity – Meaningful Runway

- ▶ **Early innings at Pall, Nobel, Cepheid**

- ▶ Significant runway at recent acquisitions
- ▶ Lean tools, direct/indirect spend, pricing

- ▶ **2nd wave at Beckman Coulter**

- ▶ Expanded installed base
- ▶ Bolt-ons enhance higher margin opportunities

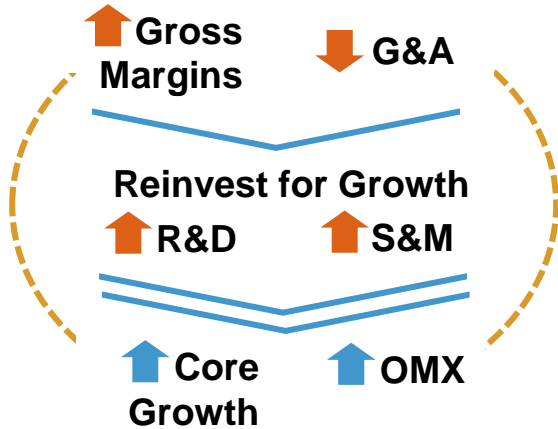
- ▶ **Dental platform being treated as a “new acquisition”**

- ▶ Facility & brand consolidation
- ▶ Back-office rationalization

*Represents >\$10B of \$17B  
revenue DHR portfolio*



## Running the Danaher Playbook



## Improving Core Revenue Growth Since Acquisition

**Radiometer**  
LSD → MSD/HSD

**Water Quality**  
LSD → MSD

**Product ID**  
LSD → MSD

## Anticipated Core Revenue Growth of Recent Acquisitions



MSD



MSD



DD



MSD

## Investments in R&D

### Outperformance

SCIEX

**R&D +300bps**  
AS A % OF REVENUE  
SINCE ACQUISITION

*Case Study*

**SCIEX**  
X500R/B



## Commercial Initiatives

### Market Penetration

VIDEOJET

**S&M + >300bps**  
AS A % OF REVENUE  
SINCE 2011

*Case Study*



**+MSD Core Revenue Growth**  
*each of the last 7 years*

## Building Scale

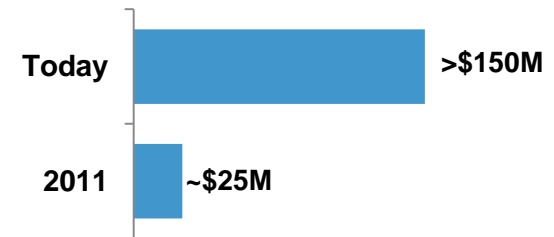
### High Growth Markets

DENTAL

**HGM +50%**  
TOTAL HGM REVENUE  
SINCE 2013

*Case Study*

DHR China Dental Revenue



# Strong Track Record With Runway Ahead

**HACH**® Acquired in 1999

	At Acq	Today
<b>Core growth</b>	LSD	MSD
<b>Gross Margin</b>	~45%	>55%
<b>Operating Margin</b>	Low teens	>25%
<b>ROIC*</b>		High teens

**VIDEOJET** Acquired in 2002

	At Acq	Today
<b>Core growth</b>	LSD	MSD
<b>Gross Margin</b>	>45%	>55%
<b>Operating Margin</b>	Low teens	>25%
<b>ROIC*</b>		High teens

**Nobel Biocare** Acquired in 2014

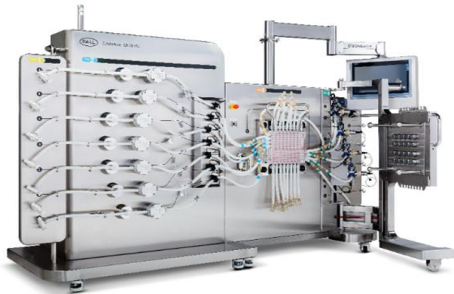
	At Acq	Today
<b>Core growth</b>	LSD	MSD
<b>Gross Margin</b>	~70%	>70%
<b>Operating Margin</b>	Mid teens	>20%
<b>ROIC</b>		MSD/HSD

\* Represents ROIC for the platform.



▶ **Improving operational and commercial execution with a tailored DBS integration**

- ▶ Reducing manufacturing and operating costs
- ▶ Meaningful gains in quality and delivery
- ▶ DBS commercial initiatives driving better go-to-market capabilities
- ▶ Accelerating innovation through reinvestment and focused R&D processes



BioSMB GMP (Biopharma)

**Updated Cost Savings**

<b>Year 1*</b>	~\$125M
<b>Year 2</b>	~\$75M
<b>Year 5 (Total)</b>	~\$350M

\* Includes 2015 stub & 2016.

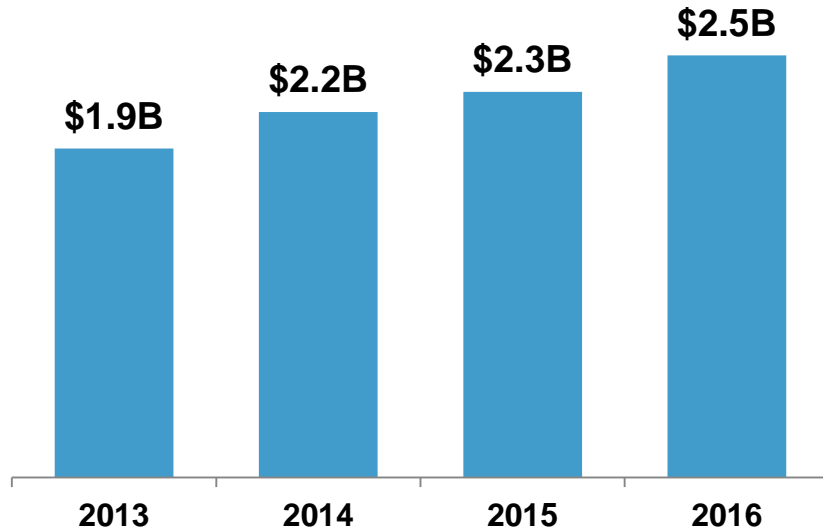
**PALL** Results Since Acquisition

<b>Core Revenue Growth</b>	<b>MSD</b>
<b>Gross Margin</b>	<b>+ &gt;150 bps</b>
<b>Operating Margin</b>	<b>+ &gt;500 bps</b>
<b>On Time Delivery (OTD)</b>	<b>+ &gt;2,000 bps</b>
<b>New Product Launches</b>	<b>+ 50%</b>
<b>Working Capital Improvement</b>	<b>~\$100M</b>
<b>Total Cost Savings (expected by year 5)</b>	<b>~\$350M</b>

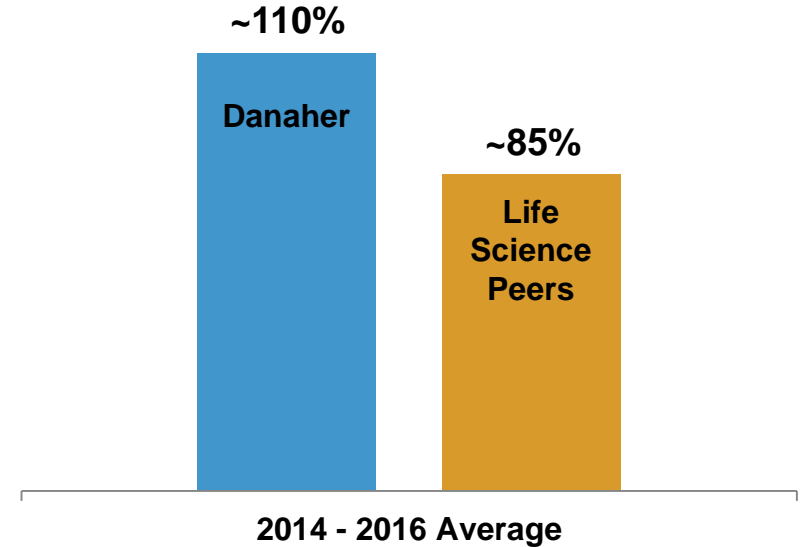
**Now anticipate ~\$350M in year 5 total cost savings vs. initial ~\$300M expectation**

# Free Cash Flow – A Key Differentiator

## Danaher Free Cash Flow



## FCF/Adjusted NI Conversion



All Danaher figures referenced reflect results from continuing operations.

**FCF exceeded Net Income for the 25<sup>th</sup> consecutive year in 2016**

## M&A Considerations – What We Look For

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### MARKET

- ▶ Secular and structural **growth drivers**
- ▶ **Fragmented** (consolidation opportunities)

### COMPANY

- ▶ Competitive **market position**
- ▶ **Strong brand** and/or channel
- ▶ Consistent **revenue visibility**
- ▶ **Higher margin** businesses

### VALUATION

- ▶ Focus on **ROIC**
- ▶ **DBS opportunities**
- ▶ **Sustainability**
- ▶ **Synergies** with DanaHER OpCos
- ▶ Combination of **value** and **growth** deals



**OUR SHARED PURPOSE**  
**HELPING REALIZE LIFE'S POTENTIAL**



- ▶ **Outstanding portfolio with significant growth and margin opportunities**
- ▶ **Superior FCF generation and disciplined M&A help drive compounding long-term results**
- ▶ **Danaher Business System is our culture and our competitive advantage**



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# Non-GAAP Reconciliations

## Danaher Corporation

### Reconciliation of GAAP Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures

#### Reconciliation of Operating Cash Flows from Continuing Operations (GAAP) to Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)

\$ in Billions

	Years Ended December 31			
	2013	2014	2015	2016
<b>Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (\$ in billions):</b>				
Operating Cash Flows from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	\$ 2.4	\$ 2.7	\$ 2.8	\$ 3.1
Less: purchases of property, plant & equipment (capital expenditures) from continuing operations (GAAP)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.6)
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)	\$ 1.9	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.5
<b>Ratio of Free Cash Flow to Net Earnings (\$ in billions):</b>				
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations from Above (Non-GAAP)	\$ 1.9	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.5
Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.2
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations to Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Conversion Ratio (Non-GAAP)	~115%	~135%	~133%	~116%



# Non-GAAP Reconciliations

<b>Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP) (\$ in billions):</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (GAAP)</b>	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.7	\$ 2.2
Pretax amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	0.3 <sup>A</sup>	0.4 <sup>A</sup>	0.6 <sup>A</sup>
Pretax charge for early extinguishment of borrowings	-	-	0.2 <sup>B</sup>
Pretax acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant, change in control payments, restructuring costs and fair value adjustments to inventory and deferred revenue	-	0.2 <sup>C</sup>	0.1 <sup>D</sup>
Pretax gain on sales of marketable equity securities	(0.1) <sup>E</sup>	-	-
Pretax gain on sales of investments	-	-	(0.2) <sup>F</sup>
Tax effect of all adjustments reflected above	-	(0.1) <sup>G</sup>	(0.3) <sup>G</sup>
Discrete tax adjustments and other tax-related adjustments	0.1 <sup>H</sup>	(0.1) <sup>H</sup>	(0.1) <sup>H</sup>
<b>Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>\$ 1.9</b>	<b>\$ 2.1</b>	<b>\$ 2.5</b>

<b>Ratio of Free Cash Flow to Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (\$ in billions):</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2014 to 2016 Average (rounded to nearest 5%)</b>
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.5	
Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)	1.9	2.1	2.5	
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations to Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Conversion Ratio (Non-GAAP)	~115%	~110%	~100%	~110%

## Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Notes

<sup>A</sup> Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets in the following historical periods (\$ in billions) (only the pretax amounts set forth below are reflected in the amortization line item above):

	Years Ended December 31					
	2014		2015		2016	
Pretax	\$	0.3	\$	0.4	\$	0.6
After-tax		0.2		0.3		0.4

- <sup>B</sup> Charge for early extinguishment of borrowings (\$0.2 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.1 billion after-tax) incurred in the third quarter of 2016. The Company did not incur any charges related to the early extinguishment of borrowings in 2014 or 2015, and therefore no such elimination item is reflected in the calculation of Adjusted Net Earnings From Continuing Operations for any other period presented.
- <sup>C</sup> Fair value adjustments to inventory (\$0.02 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.02 billion after-tax) incurred in the year ended December 31, 2015, in connection with the acquisition of Nobel Biocare. Acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant (\$0.02 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.02 billion after-tax), change in control payments, and fair value adjustments to inventory and deferred revenue, net of the impact of freezing pension benefits, in each case related primarily to the acquisition of Pall Corporation and incurred in the year ended December 31, 2015 (\$0.1 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.08 billion after-tax). The Company deems acquisition-related transaction costs incurred in a given period to be significant (generally relating to the Company's larger acquisitions) if it determines that such costs exceed the range of acquisition-related transaction costs typical for the Company in a given period.
- <sup>D</sup> Acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant (\$0.01 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.01 billion after-tax), change in control payments and restructuring costs (\$0.05 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.03 billion after-tax), and fair value adjustments to inventory and deferred revenue (\$0.02 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.01 billion after-tax), in each case related primarily to the acquisition of Cepheid and incurred in the year ended December 31, 2016.
- <sup>E</sup> Gain on sales of marketable equity securities in the year ended December 31, 2014 (\$0.1 billion pretax is presented in this line item, \$0.08 billion after-tax).
- <sup>F</sup> Gain on sales of investments in the year ended December 31, 2016 (\$0.2 billion pretax as presented in this line item, \$0.1 billion after-tax).
- <sup>G</sup> This line item reflects the aggregate tax effect of all nontax adjustments reflected in the table above. In addition, the footnotes above indicate the after-tax amount of each individual adjustment item. Danaher estimates the tax effect of the adjustment items identified in the reconciliation schedule above by applying Danaher's overall estimated effective tax rate to the pretax amount, unless the nature of the item and/or the tax jurisdiction in which the item has been recorded requires application of a specific tax rate or tax treatment, in which case the tax effect of such item is estimated by applying such specific tax rate or tax treatment.
- <sup>H</sup> For 2014, discrete income tax charges net of discrete income tax gains and benefits from a lower than expected effective tax rate (compared to the anticipated 2014 effective tax rate publicly communicated in December 2013), due primarily to year-end tax law changes for the year ended December 31, 2014. For 2015, discrete income tax gains net of discrete income tax charges (\$0.1 billion) incurred in the year ended December 31, 2015. For 2016, discrete income tax gains net of discrete income tax charges and Fortive separation-related tax costs related to repatriation of earnings and legal entity realignments incurred in the year ended December 31, 2016 (\$0.1 billion).



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